Lesson 2 Saying Goodbye and Expressing Regret (10 pts.)

When you make new acquaintances in your host country, you will be taking leave of (saying goodbye to) many people. It is important that you treat everyone you meet with respect and courtesy, in order to establish a good report and to make a good impression as an American in a host country.

Here is your task:

**First, log on to:** [**www.survivalphrases.com**](http://www.survivalphrases.com)

**Second, select the language of your culture.**

**Third, find the lesson for goodbyes.**

**Then,** **download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “GoodbyesLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

1. How do you say “Goodbye” in your country?

Da svidaniya and Paka are both ways to say goodbye.

1. Are there different ways of saying “Goodbye”? Why?

Yes, there are two ways to say goodbye. There are two because one version is used informally towards friends and family and the other is used formally.

1. What are some of the other ways of saying “Goodbye”? Indicate when and for whom they should be used: Paka is used for friends or casual situations. Da svidaniya is used in all situations and is more formal than Paka.

**(Proceed to next worksheet below for “Expressing Regret” lesson) ↓**

Expressing Regret

**Find the lesson for “I’m sorry” in your culture.**

**Then,** **download the PDF file to read to complete this worksheet below for homework. Copy and paste the worksheet onto a new Word document, and complete the questions. When finished with your worksheet, save it as “ExpressingRegretLastname” and save it to your flash drive. Upload it to the Wiki.**

**Finally, you need to complete the Audio recording file in class. See your Audio Recording File Instruction sheet for information as to how to record and upload an audio file.**

**So let’s get to the worksheet! Answer the following questions. Don’t forget to upload both your worksheet and your audio file to the WIKI when finished!**

If you are the offender (the person who needs to say “I’m sorry!”)…

1. What are examples of different situations for saying “I’m sorry!” in your host culture?

Different situations for saying sorry in Russia are asking for someone’s attention, accidently bumping into someone, when sympathizing with someone, or when you aren’t able to fulfill someone’s request.

1. What do you say if you do something awkward, like bump into someone?

You say “Izvinite.”

1. What do you say if something sad has happened to someone?

You say “Mnye ochen zhal.”

1. What do you say if you’ve forgotten something or done/said something inappropriate?

You say “Mnye ochen zhal.”

What kinds of response(s) could you expect to hear from the person you’ve offended in each situation (if mentioned in your language lesson)? Write their response in (parentheses) beside each version of “I’m sorry!”

Izvinite (Nichivo strashnava)

*Looking ahead: Your next lesson will be about saying “Please,” “Thank you,” and “You’re welcome.”*